

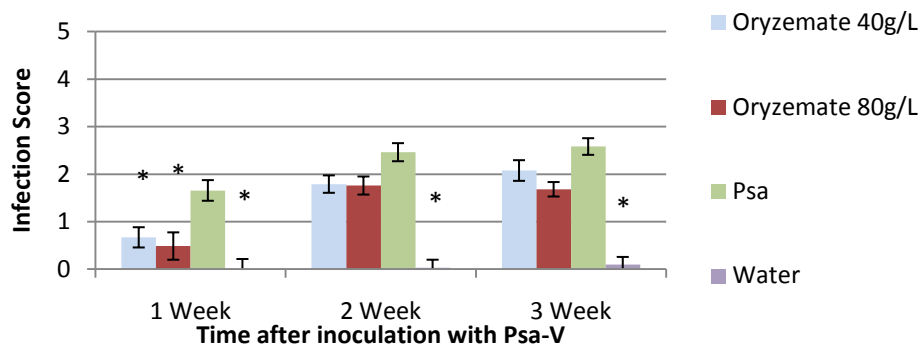
# Product testing report

28 June 2012

Oryzemate			
Supplying company:	Zelam Ltd		
Active ingredient:	Probenazole		
Test protocol:	Protectant <input type="checkbox"/>	Biological <input type="checkbox"/>	Elicitor <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Application rate (per 100L):	Experiment 1: 500 g Experiment 2: 4000 g and 8000 g (TNL 2962)		

Test results																	
Test	Greenhouse seedling tests																
Method description	<p><b>Experiment 1: Elicitor (7 March 2012 – 2 April 2012)</b> Bruno seedlings were treated once with the product seven days prior to inoculation with Psa-V (at <math>10^{10}</math> cfu ml<sup>-1</sup> concentration).</p> <p><b>Experiment 2: Elicitor (26 April 2012 – 17 May 2012)</b> Hayward seedlings were treated once 7 days prior to inoculation with Psa-V (at <math>10^9</math> cfu ml<sup>-1</sup> concentration).</p> <p>The degree of leaf spotting was determined visually at approximately weekly intervals after inoculation using a 0 – 5 scale and plotted as an 'Infection Score'</p>																
Results	<p><b>Experiment 1:</b> In Bruno seedlings, application of Oryzemate did not reduce leaf spotting following inoculation with Psa-V.</p> <p><b>Experiment 2:</b> Oryzemate reduced leaf spotting significantly at week 1 but not thereafter. The difference between the two rates at week 1 was not significant.</p>																
Key: 0 = no leaf spotting 1 = up to 10% 2 = up to 25% 3 = up to 50% 4 = up to 75% 5 = 100% (of leaf area)	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Experiment 1 (Bruno)</b></p> <table border="1"> <caption>Experiment 1 (Bruno) - Infection Score Data</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Time after inoculation with Psa-V</th> <th>Oryzemate 5g/L</th> <th>Psa</th> <th>Water</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 Week</td> <td>~1.0</td> <td>~1.0</td> <td>~1.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 Week</td> <td>~1.2</td> <td>~1.2</td> <td>~1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 Week</td> <td>~1.5</td> <td>~1.5</td> <td>~1.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Time after inoculation with Psa-V	Oryzemate 5g/L	Psa	Water	1 Week	~1.0	~1.0	~1.0	2 Week	~1.2	~1.2	~1.2	3 Week	~1.5	~1.5	~1.5
Time after inoculation with Psa-V	Oryzemate 5g/L	Psa	Water														
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## Experiment 2 (Hayward)



\* Asterisks are used in the above graphs to denote any treatments that are statistically significantly from the Psa control at the 5% level

### Summary

A single application of high rates of Oryzmate to Hayward seedlings 7 days prior to inoculation with Psa reduced leaf spotting after 1 week but the effect did not persist strongly. The low rate of Oryzmate applied to Bruno seedlings produced no effect.

### Comments

A standardised screening protocol has been used to test products for efficacy against Psa-V to enable a high throughput of products. Protectant, biological or elicitation tests may be performed, depending on the mode of action of the product. Protectant tests involve the product being applied to the plant with inoculation following on the same day, once the product has dried. Biological tests involve the product being applied two to three days prior to inoculation with Psa-V. Elicitation tests involve the product being applied to the plants seven to ten days prior to inoculation with Psa-V. Assessments of leaf spotting are performed at weekly intervals after inoculation. This method has largely involved testing products using information provided on the product's label. In the future, products may be retested using protocols provided by supplying companies. Products which have previously shown some level of efficacy will be given priority for re-testing.

Data are presented for all assessment timings; however, evaluation of results is largely focussed on the final 'three week' assessment data. Disease symptoms will be better developed by this time and earlier assessments are considered to be less reliable. However, in the case of some elicitors, it is possible that the elicitation effect has been expended and that poor results at the 'three week' assessment time indicate reduced efficacy as a result of insufficient frequency of application.

Results from greenhouse trials primarily serve as a screening tool to determine products that will progress to field trials. Care should be taken when extrapolating results to field conditions. Results in the field may differ due to different environmental conditions and differences in plant material.

**Note – leaf spotting may not necessarily mean the plant is infected. It simply indicates that the plant has been challenged by Psa.**

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