



Plant & Food  
**RESEARCH**

RANGAHAU AHUMĀRA KAI



The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited

# Protectants for Pruning Wounds & Infection Risk via Girdling Wounds

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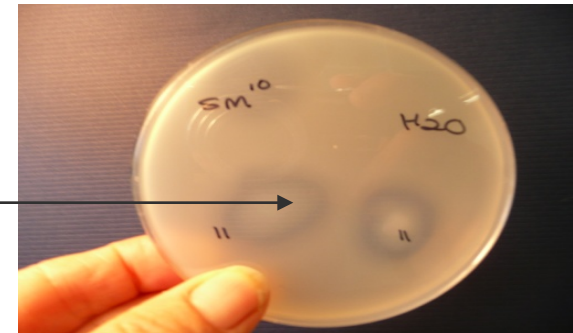
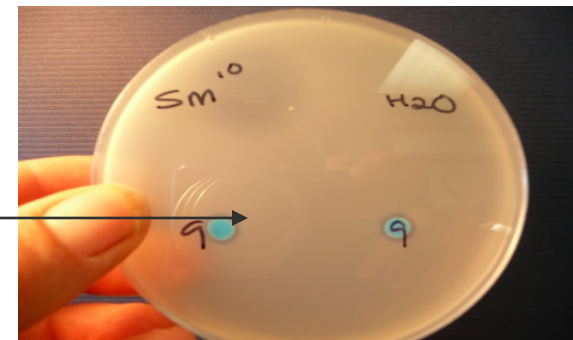
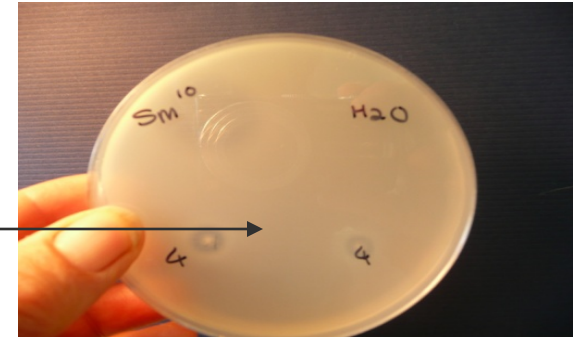
# Protection of Pruning Wounds

- Focus at this stage is on summer pruning
- Ideally products that can be applied at the same time as pruning cuts will be most practical for growers



# Bioassay Results

- Products showing promise include:
- **Gels** containing oclthilinone, tebuconazole and sodium acetate
- **Paints** eg Garrison BacSeal, Greenseal,
- **Solutions** such as Spotless



# Field trials next:

- Healthy 16A vines on grower property
- One round of summer pruning
- Natural infection
- Check for symptom development



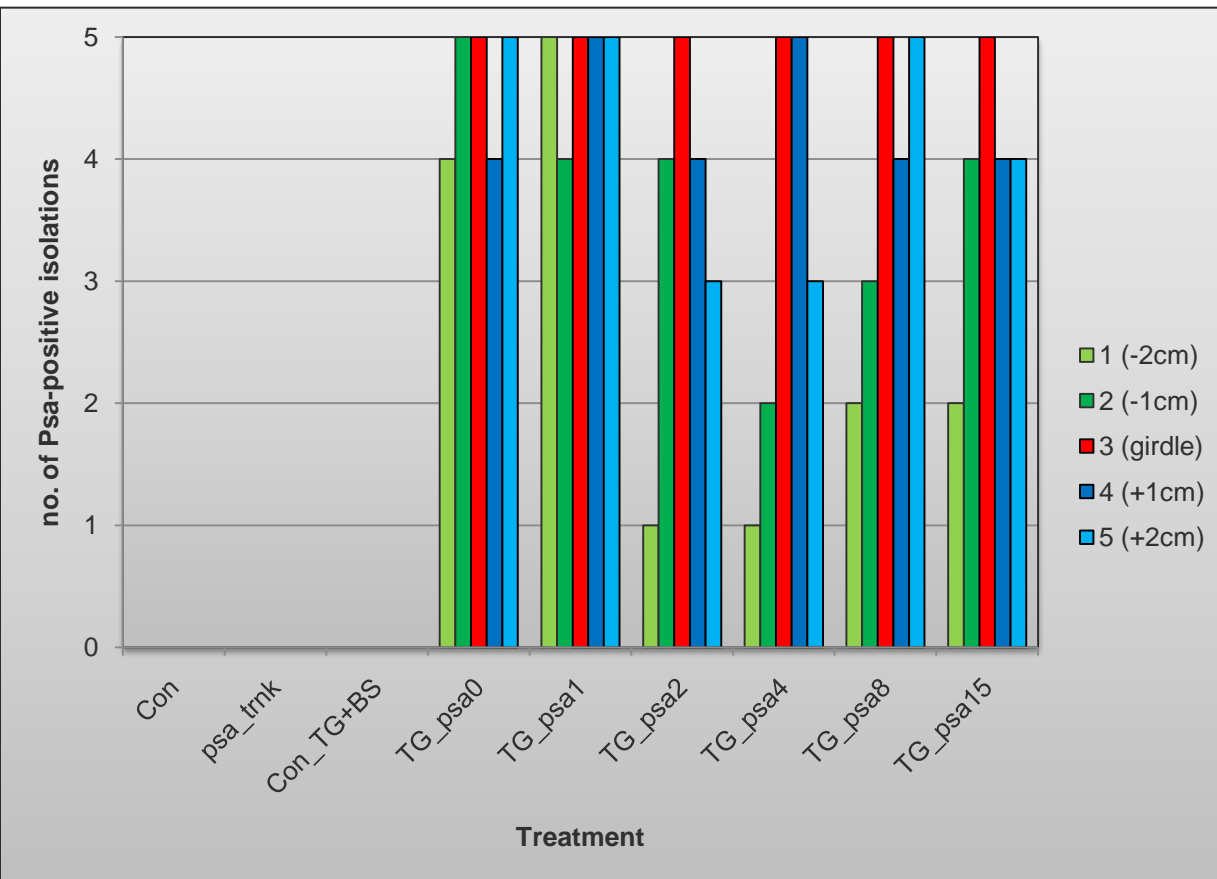


# Girdling potted Hort16a vines in greenhouse

- Needed fast result for this season
- So vines forced in hot house
- Girdles inoculated with high load of Psa
- Tried to reduce infection by:
  - protecting girdle with
    - Greenseal
    - Nordox (1.1g/litre)
    - Oxywash (49 ppm)
  - heal girdle prior to inoculation

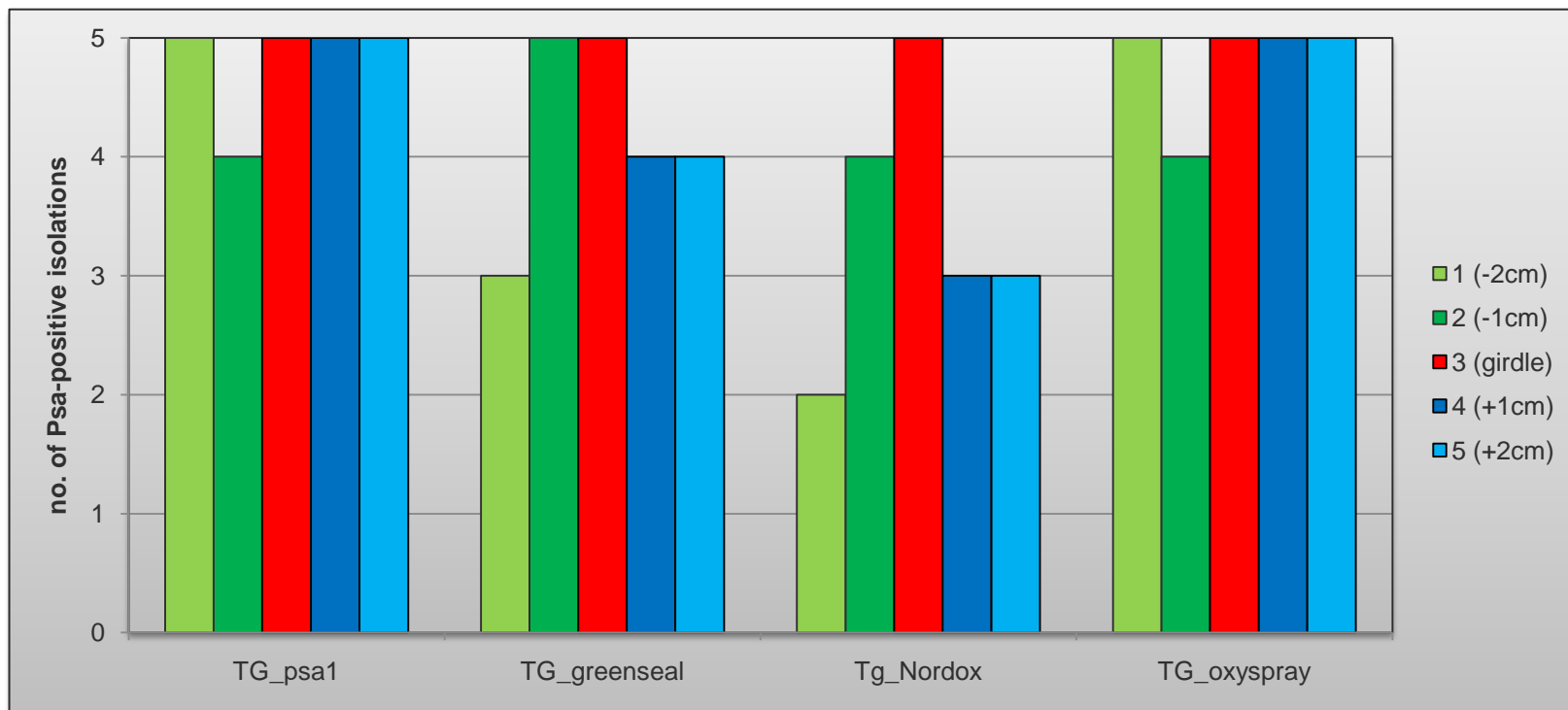


# Allowing girdle to heal did not prevent infection at high inoculum



Data from Tyson, Manning, Snelgar, Blattmann

# Protectants did not prevent infection at high inoculum



Unprotected  
control





# High load of Psa slowed callusing

**39 days after  
girdling**

- Control girdle, no Psa
- Psa inoculated on the day of girdling





# Next

- Clean young 16A vines planted at TPRO
- Evaluate risk from natural inoculum loads
- With and without protectants



# Mature Hort16A at Te Puke Research Orchard

	Vines with secondary infection	Number of vines (Total)
Control	60%	9
TG last summer	60%	10
TG spring & summer	30%	10

- *No evidence that TG increased infection*
- *But was inoculum load high?*

Data from Mike Currie





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# KVH Recommendations

- Potential for Psa-V to enter via callusing wounds
- Balance risk vs benefits:
  - fruit size and dry matter
  - vigour reduction (less pruning/coverage)
- Risk no greater than other practices (e.g. pruning)  
provided growers:
  - have good hygiene practices
  - girdle during dry weather
  - reduce inoculum environment by spraying
  - apply protectants to girdles
  - avoid girdling stressed vines